CLAIMS

- A stranded conductor for forming an electric conductor, in particular a subconductor, for a winding of an electric machine with
 - an arrangement of several mutually parallel and/or twisted filaments, and
 - an insulation which surrounds the exterior circumference of the arrangement of filaments,

characterized in that

the insulation is applied around the arrangement of the filaments by extrusion.

- 2. The stranded conductor according to claim 1, with the stranded conductor having a rectangular shape.
- 3. The stranded conductor according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the insulation satisfies the requirements for a subconductor insulation.
- 4. The stranded conductor according to one of the claims 1 to 3, wherein the insulation satisfies the requirements of a primary insulation at least on portions of the exterior circumference about the arrangement of filaments.
- 5. The stranded conductor according to one of the claims 1 to 4, wherein an elastic, extruded filling material which is made of a material different from that of the insulation and which, in particular, has an adjustable electrical conductivity, is introduced between the filaments.

- 6. The stranded conductor according to one of the claims 1 to 4, wherein the insulation applied by extrusion fills at least partially interstices between the plurality of filaments.
- 7. The stranded conductor according to one of the claims 1 to 6, wherein at least one material for increasing the thermal conductivity is introduced in the insulation according to one of the claims 1 to 6 and/or in the filling material according to claim 5.
- 8. The stranded conductor according to one of the claims 1 to 7, wherein an outer co-extruded conductive layer represents an exterior corona shielding, so that corona shielding at the ends can be eliminated.
- Method for producing electric conductors, in particular subconductors for a winding of an electric machine by
 - arranging several mutually substantially parallel and/or twisted to form a stranded conductor, and
 - insulating the stranded conductor on its exterior circumference,

characterized in that

the insulation is applied by extrusion.

10. The method according to claim 9, wherein the stranded conductor has a rectangular shape.

- 11. The method according to claim 9 or 10, wherein the insulation satisfies the requirements for a subconductor insulation.
- 12. The method according to one of the claims 9 to 11, wherein the insulation satisfies the requirements for a primary insulation at least on portions of the exterior circumference about the arrangement of filaments.
- 13. The method according to one of the claims 9 to 12, wherein the cavity between the filaments is filled with an elastic, extruded filling material made of a material, which is different from the insulation and which, in particular, has an adjustable electrical conductivity.
- 14. The method according to one of the claims 9 to 12, wherein during the extrusion, the cavities between the filaments are at least partially filled with the insulation to be applied.
- 15. The method according to one of the claims 9 to 14, wherein at least one material for increasing the thermal conductivity is introduced in the insulation according to one of the claims 1 to 6 and/or in the filling material according to claim 5.
- 16. The method according to one of the claims 9 to 15, wherein an outer conducting layer operating as an exterior corona shielding is produced by co-extrusion, so that corona shielding at the ends can be eliminated.